



WEST VIRGINIA SUPERVISORS APPOINTED.

The Only Difficulty in Selecting men was in First and Third Districts.

THE ARMY APPOINTMENTS

That Fall to the Share of This State Decided on by the President.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The four supervisors of census for West Virginia have been agreed upon and their names will be forwarded to the senate for confirmation at the opening of the coming session of Congress. The appointees are: First district, Harvey W. Harmer, of Clarksburg; Second district, Lamar C. Powell, of Fairmont; Third district, E. L. Dunn; Fourth district, T. A. Brown.

As before stated in the Intelligencer, the selections in the Second and Fourth districts were quickly made, the names having been published more than two months ago. The trouble experienced was in the other two districts, but the difficulty has been at last overcome. Representative Dwyer and the two senators having agreed upon Mr. Harmer several days ago, and the choice in the Third district resulting from a compromise. Mr. Dunn's principal competitor, it is understood, was Mr. J. A. Oldfield, of McDowell county. He will be given a lucrative position, it is said, as special field agent under the census bureau, to collect statistics of the mining interests. The remuneration will not be less than \$1,800 per year, and will continue about three years.

The four supervisors for West Virginia will be employed for probably one half the census year, and during that period will be very busy men. They will have to choose the enumerators upon whom will devolve the gathering of statistics as to population.

Mr. Frank M. Fuller, of Uniontown, Pa., has been named as the supervisor for the Pennsylvania district comprising the counties of Washington, Fayette and Greene.

PERSONAL MENTION

Of West Virginians—Postmasters Appointed—Patents Issued.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 11.—Mr. Colin H. Livingstone, private secretary to Senator Elkins, will leave Friday for a vacation of several weeks.

Major Henry C. Fleisher, a prominent West Virginia Republican, is in the city.

A postoffice has been established in Putnam county, West Virginia, five miles west of Pocahontas, to be known as Lanham, and John T. Lanham has been commissioned as postmaster. William C. Steele has been commissioned as postmaster at Kedron, W. Va., and Albert J. Zickfoose at Sellers, W. Va.

Patents have been issued to the following West Virginia inventors: James T. Boyles, Martinsburg, wheel adjusting device for plows; Robert J. Chenovert, Minerva, harrow; John H. Hall, Patrick, pressure regulating valve; Ruben Javitch, Monongah, agricultural implement; Cassius B. Nay, Fairmont, fire place.

A patent was issued to Thomas H. MacDonald, Bridgeport, Conn., and assigned to the American Graphophone Company of West Virginia, for a machine for making graphophone recording styles.

WEST VIRGINIANS

Who will be Commissioned Officers in New Volunteer Force.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—West Virginia has so far received the assurance of three of the commissioned officers for the new volunteer force authorized for the reinforcing of General Otis in the Philippines. Major Howard Atkinson, late of the Second West Virginia regiment of volunteers, is to have a captain's place. Captain Zan Collett, formerly of the First West Virginia regiment of volunteers, will be commissioned as a first lieutenant, and Captain W. H. Monroe, lately mustered out of the service as a member of the Fourth United States Infantry (Immunes) is to be a second lieutenant. These appointments have been agreed upon, and commissions will be issued at once.

CLAIM FOR DAMAGES

Arling Out of Spanish-American War That was Disallowed.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The secretary of state has sent Ambassador Cambon, of France, an answer to the latter's recent letter submitting the claim of Miss Ivan Favre for \$10,000 damages attending the capture of the French steamer *Olinde Rodriguez*, on which she was a passenger, by the cruiser *New Orleans*, during the blockade of San Juan. The secretary reviews the facts in much detail and states the conclusion that the government is not liable on this claim. The answer is likely to establish a precedent on a large number of similar claims.

The secretary says the French steamer was first observed by the cruiser *Yosemite* on July 5, and that an officer of the *Yosemite* went on board and noted in the log of the *Rodriguez* that a blockade of San Juan was in progress. Miss Favre subsequently took passage at Port Au Prince on July 1st. On July 17 the *Rodriguez* again put in an appearance off San Juan, where upon she was captured by the *New Orleans*. The prize was taken to Charleston on July 22, and on August 5th all the passengers were released by court order and turned over to the French company. Miss Favre's claim recited that she had suffered from an attack

of fever while at Charleston and the damages were for this and the indignities of detention.

From the facts cited the secretary states that the United States naval authorities could not be charged with any negligence in the circumstances attending the capture.

THE ARMY CANTEN.

A Delegation of Temperance Advocates Present a Dissenting Opinion to the Decision of the Attorney General.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—A delegation composed of Joshua L. Bailey, of Philadelphia, president of the National Temperance Society; Hiram Price, of Washington; Revs. L. R. Foote, of Brooklyn; Dr. James E. Dunn and C. R. Blackall, of Philadelphia; Joshua Levering, of Baltimore; William W. Smith, of Poughkeepsie, N. Y.; H. T. Ames, of Williamsport, Pa.; Col. Ell Ritter, of Indianapolis, representing the National Temperance Society and other kindred organizations, called upon the President this afternoon to submit a dissenting opinion to the decision of the attorney general in reference to the interpretation given by the attorney general to the seventeenth section of the recent act of Congress, entitled "An act for the increase of the efficiency of the army of the United States, and for other purposes."

The delegation wished to record its dissent from the opinion of the attorney general in interpreting the act referred to, and presented a legal opinion on the subject prepared by Col. Ell Ritter, of Indianapolis.

Mr. Bailey also presented a paper signed by many well known representatives of the National Temperance Society, which embodied the views of the delegation, and embraced the points on which they dissented from the interpretation given by the attorney general. It contends that Congress sought to accomplish the total abolition of the sale of intoxicating liquor in the army. The interpretation of the attorney general, which was to the effect that the act was prohibitive only as to the sale of liquor in the canteens by officers and men, the paper declares was a matter of amazement to the people of the whole country interested in the subject, and no class of persons, it is asserted, were more surprised than the members of Congress present during the enactment of the legislation. The delegation represented that if the statute is what its author and the vast number of others interested as well as opposed, thought it was, the interpretation given by the attorney general is a perversion of law. Reference is made to the recent inquiries conducted by the War Department concerning the sale of intoxicating liquors in the army exchange or canteen, and the responses received, the paper says, only aggravated the public feeling because army officers of the highest rank, of the largest experience, and the greatest prominence, as well as those of lower rank, have heretofore when perfectly free given the strongest expression to exactly the reverse view of this business. The paper declares that the agitation upon this subject will not subside, and the President is asked to give a re-hearing upon the construction and interpretation of the law.

The members of the delegation, after their call, reported the President as saying that the opinion of the attorney general was given without any previous knowledge on his part—that he did not know that an opinion had been asked for by the secretary of war—neither did he know that such an opinion had been given until several days afterward, and that he would look into the matter personally, and if of the opinion of the attorney general was found to be correct it should stand, but, he added, that all men are fallible, and that if the attorney general had made a mistake he had no doubt he (Gibson) would be ready to rectify it—that he was an able lawyer and a man honest and courageous.

PRESIDENT'S APPOINTMENTS

In the Volunteer Service—Good Men Are Chosen.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 11.—The President to-day announced the following appointments in the volunteer service, the former service of each officer being given:

To be majors: David B. Gage, colonel, Fourth Pennsylvania Volunteers, John Biddle Porter, Second Pennsylvania.

To be captains: Charles S. Campbell, adjutant, Second Pennsylvania; Edwin J. Griffith, captain, Third Missouri; Guy V. Henry, Jr., second lieutenant, Second Cavalry; Frank H. Beck, captain, Ninth New York; W. G. Schreiber, lieutenant, colonel, Seventh California; Edmund G. Shields, captain, Third Texas; Charles P. Stivers, sergeant, First Ohio Cavalry; L. C. Sherer, first lieutenant, Fourth Cavalry; Jacob C. R. Peabody, captain, Sixth Massachusetts.

To be first lieutenants: Charles U. Bear, lieutenant, First Illinois Cavalry; Richard H. Brewer, enlisted man, volunteers; William H. Clifton, Jr., first lieutenant, Sixth Missouri; Daniel Hyman, sergeant, Nineteenth United States Infantry; Charles L. Willard, sergeant, First Texas Volunteers; Joseph W. Aves, quartermaster, sergeant, Second North Carolina; Homer B. Grant, first lieutenant, Fifth Massachusetts.

Late this afternoon the President announced the following additional appointments to the volunteer army: To be majors, Hunter Liggett, formerly captain Fifth United States Infantry; William A. Shunk, formerly captain Eighth Cavalry.

Among those to be captains are: Howard Atkinson, formerly Second West Virginia volunteer Infantry.

To be first lieutenants: Zan F. Collett, formerly First West Virginia volunteer Infantry.

Grenville D. Montgomery, formerly Pennsylvania artillery.

Frank M. Chapin, formerly Sixty-fifth New York volunteers.

James R. Goodale, formerly First New York volunteers.

The President's Sympathy.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 11.—The President has sent the following message of condolence upon the occasion of the death of Prince George of Russia: "To His Imperial Majesty, Alexander III, Czar of Russia, St. Petersburg."

"I tender to your majesty in my own name, and in behalf of the American people, sincere condolence by reason of the affliction that has befallen your majesty and the Russian nation in the death of your brother, His Imperial Highness, the Grand Duke George. (Signed.) "WM. McKINLEY."

Dewey's Medal.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The navy department to-day dispatched to Admiral Dewey the medal awarded to him by act of Congress to commemorate the battle of Manila Bay. The admiral's medal is identical with those sent to each man in the fleet with the exception of his own name being engraved upon the edge.

NATIONAL EDUCATORS IN COUNCIL.

The Opening of the National Educational Association at Los Angeles, Yesterday.

MEETING OF THE DIRECTORS.

The Good Showing Made by the Treasurer's Report—Peace Delegates Congratulated.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 11.—Promptly at 3 o'clock the National Educational Association was called to order by Hon. F. Q. Storey, of the local executive committee. The pavilion was crowded in every part and members of the committee failed to gain admittance.

After an invocation by Rev. C. Clark Pierce, the woman's orchestra rendered the National Educational Association march with unique pieces of music composed for the occasion, and Governor Henry T. Gage was presented and bade the delegates a hearty welcome in behalf of the state.

Hon. L. Kirk, state superintendent of public instruction in behalf of the educational interests of the state, followed.

Dr. Elmer E. Brown, of the University of California, on behalf of the management, also welcomed the visiting educators and then Mayor Eaton, on behalf of the municipality. In a few words, told the visitors, they had the freedom of the city during their stay.

Responses to the welcoming addresses were made by N. C. Dougherty, superintendent of schools, of Peoria, Ill.; Dr. Emerson E. White, of Columbus, O., and J. H. Phillips, superintendent of schools of Birmingham, Ala.

After the orchestra had played Mozart's overture to "Don Juan," President Elliptam Oram Lite, of Millerville, Pa., delivered his address.

There was more music by the band and then the session of the convention was at an end.

This evening's session was as largely attended as had been the one in the afternoon. In addition to the woman's orchestra the Aeolian club, under the direction of Mrs. G. B. Parsons, superintendent of music in the public schools, ended the proceedings by rendering several selections.

Dr. W. T. Harris, United States commissioner of education, delivered a most appropriate and decidedly interesting address on "An educational policy for our new possessions."

Henry S. Townsend, inspector general of schools of Hawaii, made a thoughtfully conceived address on the subject, "The educational problem in Hawaii."

At the closing session of the national council of education held this morning, Prof. Louis Soltan, of St. Louis, was elected president for the following year.

Prof. Elmer Brown, of California, vice president and Miss Bella A. Dutton, of Cleveland, was re-elected secretary.

The annual meeting of the board of directors of the national educational association, was held at noon.

The treasurer's report showed a total amount received during the year of \$28,561, including a cash balance of \$2,201; expenditures \$26,010, leaving \$10,000 transferred to the permanent fund; available cash on hand \$2,556. Treasurer McNeill also reported that between \$8,000 and \$10,000 in addition was available this year for transfer to the permanent fund.

The thirteenth annual report was presented and read. It showed the assets to be \$74,000, the total investments on July 1, 1898, having been \$67,500. By unanimous vote the directors passed a resolution directing the president of the National Educational Association to cable to the United States delegates to the peace conference at The Hague, congratulations of the members of the organization.

FATAL FIRE

In a New York Tenement—Caused by Lighted Cigarette.

NEW YORK, July 11.—Fire in a crowded five-story tenement in Monroe street early to-day resulted in fatal injuries to five persons and the over-coming by smoke of eight others. The fatally injured are as follows:

Mrs. Rebecca Bask.

Rose Bask, her daughter, 12 years old, inhaled fire.

Mrs. Tillie Silver, burned on head and body.

Rosie Silver, her daughter, 6 years old, burned on head and body.

Sam London, who boarded with the Silver family, burned on head and body and inhaled flames.

Those who were severely injured but will probably recover are:

Harris Bask, an expressman, severely burned about the arms, face and legs.

His four children, Beckey, aged seventeen, overcome by smoke; Pauline, aged fifteen, overcome by smoke; Hannah, aged fourteen, overcome by smoke; Katie, aged three, unconscious from smoke; Ada, eight days old, suffering slightly from smoke.

Harris Silver, tailor, hands and arms burned and hair singed.

Tillie Silver, aged four, overcome by smoke.

The fire started in the apartments of Max Press, a coat operator, who lived with his family and a boarder named Jacob Koplan on the fourth floor. All of this household escaped. There were sixteen families in the house.

It could not be determined just how the fire started. Press admitted that he went to bed leaving the lamp burning and that he and his boarder Koplan, were smoking cigarettes, and the firemen believe that the men must have

to sleep with lighted cigarettes in their mouths and that the bedding caught fire. Press's hair was singed by the flames. The damage is slight.

THE GOVERNOR'S PRISONER.

Elías Hatfield Arrested by the Chief Executive in Person and Jailed at Huntington.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., July 11.—Governor Atkinson and his private secretary, Colonel Boggs, have just arrived in the city with Elías Hatfield, the youthful slayer of "Doc" Ellis. Gray surrendered to the governor at Hatfield, Mingo county, this morning. The governor said: "We had no trouble at all. I simply went up to bring the boy out of that section before some one else was killed. He was browsing around up there and had anyone run on him he would have shot, and the trouble was he never missed what he shot at; hence it was not best for him to remain there."

The governor is in consultation with Judge Doolittle as to what will be done. The former thinks Hatfield should be left here, as it is in the same judicial circuit where the murder occurred.

The reports published that the governor and his secretary were accompanied by a picked guard is all bosh. There is no danger of any further trouble between the Hatfields and anyone else, as the killing of Ellis cannot be attributed to the McCoy-Hatfield feud. The prisoner will plead self defense and says he does not fear to go into trial.

New Charter Issued.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., July 11.—A charter has been issued to the Blennerhassett Drilling and Producing Company, of Parkersburg, with a subscribed capital of \$500 and an authorized capital of \$100,000. The incorporators are: Levi Skidmore, of Dallison, W. Va., and J. V. Carney, Lysander Dudley, George Flannigan and T. F. Barrett, of Parkersburg, W. Va.

State Board of Health.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., July 11.—The state board of health began its annual session here to-day. Dr. C. B. Blubaugh, of Parkersburg, was re-elected president, and Dr. A. R. Barbee, of Pt. Pleasant, secretary. Examinations for permission to practice medicine were begun this afternoon. There are forty-seven applicants.

A Very Indiscreet Man.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., July 11.—Granville Presley, a merchant at Roane, in Lincoln county, came here last week to buy a wedding suit. He got on a spree, which lasted until he reached home last Friday evening, when he began drinking cinnamon drops and peppermint to get sober. From 10 o'clock that night until Saturday noon he drank fourteen bottles of cinnamon and four bottles of peppermint. Sunday morning he died in terrible agony. Presley was to have been married this coming Sunday.

Hospital Board Organizes.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WESTON, W. Va., July 11.—The hospital board re-organized to-day, by electing Hon. B. F. Meighen, of Marshall county, president, and John P. Hayden, of Weston, secretary. All the members are present. The session will probably not be a long one.

THE JUNTA LIARS

Are at It Again—Ambassador Choate Denies a Story.

LONDON, July 11.—The members of the Filipino junta here when questioned to-day regarding the report, published in New York, that they had written a letter to the United States ambassador here, Joseph H. Choate, and had received a reply, said the members of the junta in London and Manila received invitations to attend the United States embassy receptions of July 4, whereupon one of the members of the junta wrote a letter to Mr. Choate saying that as they were not American citizens they had no "locus standi" at such receptions.

Mr. Choate says he received a letter signed by a member of the junta but never answered it. He added that neither the members of the junta nor any Filipino received any communication whatever in the nature of an invitation to the Fourth of July reception in London.

Two Fourth of July Victims.

HARRISBURG, Pa., July 11.—Frank Weiss, youngest son of Judge John H. Weiss, aged fifteen years, is dying at his home in this city, as the result of a Fourth of July accident. Young Weiss was injured in the right hand last Tuesday by the explosion of a fire cracker and lock-jaw followed. His physicians say he cannot live.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., July 11.—Miss Maggie Jacobs, aged seventeen, living with her parents in this city, met a horrible death from lock-jaw this morning. On the Fourth of July while shooting blank cartridges from a toy pistol she accidentally shot herself in the index finger of her left hand. On Sunday lock-jaw made its appearance, and the patient suffered terrible agony until death came about 2 o'clock this morning.

Dixon Gets the Decision.

DENVER, Col., July 11.—George Dixon, feather-weight champion of the world, was given the decision over Tommy White at the end of a twenty-round bout before the Olympic club to-night. Dixon led the fighting from the start to the finish, Tommy's purpose being to avoid a knockout and stay the limit. George's left hand work was the complement of all. He would bring it from the ribs to the head and back again so quickly as to almost escape the eye. On O'Rourke sat in Dixon's corner, and frequently cautioned him when his over-anxiousness would make him careless. Kid McCoy officiated in the same capacity for White, but Masterston was referee.

Dixon weighed in this afternoon at 125 pounds and White at 120 pounds. The betting was 10 to 1 on Dixon, and quite a bunch of money changed hands at these odds.

Only One Life Lost.

HALIFAX, N. S., July 11.—The steamer *Portia* struck on Big Fish shoal, fifteen miles east of Halifax, about 11 o'clock. Reports received this morning from Sembro Island, where the passengers and crews were landed, indicate the loss of but one life.

THE GLASS COMBINE AT WORK

To Complete the Amalgamation of all the Table Glassware Works in the Country.

APPRAISERS ARE WORKING

On Plants Under Option—Wheeling District Concerns are in the Trust.

PITTSBURGH, July 11.—Manufacturers of table glassware are determined to complete the combination started some time ago under adverse circumstances. As has been published, the National Glass Company has been incorporated and a board of directors selected, consisting of H. C. Fry, of Rochester Tumbler Company, chairman; D. C. Ripley, United States Glass Company, Pittsburgh; D. C. Jenkins, Indiana Goblet and Tumbler Company; D. W. Baird, Riverside Glass Works, Weilsburg, W. Va., and J. N. Jamison, Greensburg Glass Company, Greensburg, Pa. The work of this board was approved by those present at a special meeting held to-day and it was decided to increase the directory to nine members, who will be elected in the near future.

After the meeting the board elected H. C. Fry, president and J. N. Jamison, secretary-treasurer. The new combine will have about 92 per cent of the producers. So far the alliance has all but two factories in Pennsylvania; all in the Wheeling district, and all but one each in Ohio and Indiana. The capital stock will probably be \$7,000,000.

Appraisers are at work on the plants under option, but it will require several weeks to complete the work.

A slight advance in prices is expected when the combine is fully effected.

Flint Glassworkers.

MUNCIE, Ind., July 11.—All of this morning's session of the flint glassworkers national convention was devoted to hearing the report of the credentials committee. President Smith this afternoon announced the committees as follows:

Officers report, Mark S. Brenin, Millville, N. J.; grievances, Henry T. Smith, Brooklyn, N. Y.; estimating, Thomas J. Conboy, Alexandria, Va.; trade committee, prescription ware, James McGinnis, Philadelphia; pressed ware, William McLaughlin, Washington, Pa.; china, Hugh McGinnis, Steubenville, Ohio; shades, John W. Moorehouse, Monaca, Pa.; mold making, D. W. Vaux, Pittsburgh; iron mould, R. W. Archer, Bellaire, Ohio; paste mould, Thomas McCreary, Monaca, Pa.; engraving, F. C. Dickens, Pittsburgh; castor plates, Thomas Hollingsworth, Millville, N. J.; lamp workers, L. W. Schlagel, Millville, N. J.; stopping, Claude Grenier, Baltimore; cutters, William Vallely, Toledo.

NO DECISION REACHED

In the Conference Between the American Tin Plate Company and the Amalgamated Officials.

CHICAGO, July 11.—The conference between the officers of the American Tin Plate Company and the officials of the Amalgamated Association lasted all day and far into the night without any result. Neither side is willing to give up any part of the four cents difference between the rate demanded by the association and that offered by the officials of the company. The conference will be continued to-morrow.

Yesterday it was believed that with to-day's conference an agreement would be reached, covering the questions at issue. Progress was slow at to-day's session, however, the chief points at issue being the introduction of the new scales, over which a long discussion was held without reaching an agreement. Most of the minor difficulties in the way of an amicable agreement have been disposed of.

WHERE WERE THE POLICE?

More Trouble in Cleveland in Running Street Cars.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 11.—The first car which the Big Consolidated Street Railway Company tried to run with a non-union crew around the Union street loop, in the South End iron works district, met with trouble to-night. At the Erie railway, on Union street, obstructions were on the track, and when the conductor, George Welsh, of Grand Rapids, Mich., got off to remove them, a crowd threw stones at him. He regained his car, and it went on, but stones came crashing through the windows, one of them hitting a woman passenger.

When Harvard street was reached three cars were found blocked, the tracks having been obstructed. No violence was offered the union crews on them by the 4,000 men and boys assembled, but when Welsh came along he was hauled off his car and brutally kicked and beaten. His life might have been taken had not the police arrived, their appearance resulting in the scattering of the mob. Welsh was taken to a hospital.

Those Royalist Plots.

PARIS, July 11.—It is believed that the police reports regarding the Royalist plots, are exaggerated. Comte Boni de Castellane, Paul Deroudele and Jules Guerin, the deputy, all deny the statements of the police concerning them. Nothing is known here of any contemplated duel between Comte Boni de Castellane and the Prince of Monaco. The latter's residence in Paris is closed and the whole household is away.

Aged Cardinal Dead.

ROME, July 11.—Cardinal Teodolfo Mertel, vice chancellor of the Holy Roman church, who was raised to the cardinalate in 1853, died to-day in his ninety-third year.

KENTUCKY REPUBLICANS.

General Taylor Will Control the Convention and Will Undoubtedly be Nominated for Governor.

LEXINGTON, Ky., July 11.—The Republican state central committee met to-night with ten of the eleven members present. Congressman Vincent Boering, of London, was selected as temporary chairman of the convention, and K. J. Hampton, of Winchester, as secretary. Both are strong Taylor men. It is understood that Judge George Denny, of Lexington, another Taylor man, will be permanent chairman. A delegation of prominent colored men were given a hearing by the committee. They protested against the nomination of General Taylor and were advised that the committee had nothing to do with nominations. The colored delegation then retired and arranged to present their protest against Taylor to the convention to-morrow.

Immediately after the state committee selected Taylor men for the temporary organization of the convention, the leaders of Stone and Pratt and other anti-Taylor men went into a secret conference and remained together until 11 o'clock, reviewing the situation. They heard reports from all the counties and found that if all contests were decided against Taylor that he would still have a majority of 125 over all.

As the Taylor men will control the committee on credentials, as well as all other committees, the contests will not doubt be decided so as to give Taylor much more than 125 majority over all out of a total of 1,704. The large number of delegates is due to the representation being one for each hundred votes cast for McKinley in 1896. At this conference it was decided that the names of Stone and Pratt would not be withdrawn in favor of J. W. Yerkes, Daniel Linsay, Judge Barr or any others mentioned for anti-Taylor men to consent to.

This conference decided to meet again at 9 to-morrow to decide more definitely on a plan of procedure in the convention. The Taylor men claim this is simply a movement in the interest of the Lexington people to prolong the convention until Thursday. General Taylor and others are said to have promised last to-night places on the ticket both Stone and Pratt and it is said that a general conference is to be held to-morrow morning on propositions for the Stone and Pratt men as well as for some plan to placate the colored men since Taylor's nomination is assured.

TRANSVAAL TROUBLES.

England Preparing to Meet Possibilities in That Quarter.

LONDON, July 11.—The Seventy-third battery of artillery has been ordered to South Africa, making the fifth battery of field artillery now under orders for the Cape. All the gun carriages of these batteries are being painted to match the local colors. Thirty machines were shipped to the Transvaal to-day.

BRISBANE, Queensland, July 11.—The government of Queensland has cabled to the secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Chamberlain, offering 250 mounted infantry with a machine gun, for service in South Africa in case of hostilities between Great Britain and the Transvaal.

LONDON, July 11.—The parliamentary secretary for the war office, Mr. Wyndham, replying to a question in the house of commons to-day, said the communication published by the London Times July 7, giving the names of British officers detailed to proceed to South Africa to organize the forces there, had been sent with the knowledge of the Marquis of Lansdowne, secretary for war.

The secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Chamberlain, in the course of a reply to Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, Liberal leader in the house, on the subject of President Kruger's latest proposals, said that in the absence of full information it was impossible for him to be certain as to the practical effect of the franchise scheme, but, so far as he was able to judge, it would have no immediate effect on the representation of the uitlanders in the first volksraad, and he was not certain the uitlanders would be able to carry any of the new seats allotted to them in the raad until a very much later date.

PARIS IS CLEAR

Of the Rocks—She will be Towed to Falmouth Harbor.

LONDON, July 11.—The salvagers have moved the American line steamer *Paris* astern for a distance of 150 yards and have shifted the vessel's position slightly to the eastward. They hope to be able to get the after stoke hold fires alight.

The *Paris* is now clear of the rocks. The sea is smooth but a heavy fog prevails to-night.

The intention of the salvagers was simply to slow the stern of the liner so as to facilitate the operations of the divers, but it was found that she moved more freely than was expected. Three salvage boats alone practically removed her from a critical position unaided.

She still has a distinct list, however, to the starboard and cannot be so assumed out of danger. The tugs are preparing to tow her to Falmouth harbor.